

#### **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE 9608/42

Paper 4 Written Paper

October/November 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

#### **Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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Question							A	nswer			Marks
1(a)	1 marl	k per shaded group	)								4
						Co	lumn				
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	suc	Grade C in Computer Science	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	
	Conditions	Grade C in Maths	Υ	Υ	N	N	Υ	Υ	N	N	
	o l	Grade C in Science	Υ	N	Υ	N	Υ	N	Υ	N	
	6	Take Computer Science	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ			
	Actions	Take Maths	Υ	Υ			Υ	Υ			
		Take Physics	Υ				Υ				

Question							A	nswer				Marks
1(b)	1 mar	k per column									1	
				Column								
			S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Υ	Z		
	suo	Grade C in Computer Science	Y	_	_							
	Conditions	Grade C in Maths	_	Y	Y							
	ll o	Grade C in Science	_	_	Y							
	v	Take Computer Science	Υ	Υ								
	Actions	Take Maths		Y								
		Take Physics			Y							
1(c)	• (C	cample: Column S) combini . because they only Column T) combini . because CS does Column U) combinir .because CS does	y needing 1,2 s not not ng 1,5	d CS to 2,5,6 natter i 5	take C	'N	aths and	d Scien	ce do r	ot matt	er	

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark for each correct line, duration and activity.	7
	3	
2(b)	Dummy activity	1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	<pre>1 mark per clause • room(corridor). • furniture(table). • furniture(lamp). • located(table, corridor). • located(lamp, corridor).</pre>	5
3(b)	<ul><li>master_bedroom</li><li>spare_bedroom</li></ul>	2
3(c)(i)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet to max 2</li> <li>The first clause <u>only</u> says the nursery is next to the master bedroom</li> <li> but not that the master bedroom is next to the nursery</li> <li>The second clause <u>only</u> says the master bedroom is next to the nursery</li> <li> but not that the nursery is next to the master bedroom</li> <li>Goal to find rooms adjacent to master bedroom would not return nursery</li> <li> Example. FindNextTo(X, master_bedroom)</li> <li>It is a two-way relationship</li> </ul>	2
3(c)(ii)	<pre>1 mark per bullet     room(main_bathroom).     nextTo(corridor, main_bathroom).     nextTo(main_bathroom, corridor).</pre>	3

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Question	Answer	Marks
3(d)	<pre>1 mark per bullet • canBeMovedTo(B,A) • Furniture(B) • Room(A) • AND / , • AND NOT / , NOT</pre>	6
	• Located(B,A)  Example:  canBeMovedTo(B,A)	
	IF furniture(B) AND room(A)  AND NOT(located(B,A)).	

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Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	1 mark per item in bold	4
	FOR Pointer ← 1 TO (Max - 1)	
	ItemToInsert ← Numbers[Pointer]	
	CurrentItem	
	WHILE (CurrentItem > 0) AND (Numbers[CurrentItem - 1] > ItemToInsert)	
	Numbers[CurrentItem] ← Numbers[CurrentItem - 1]	
	CurrentItem ← CurrentItem - 1	
	ENDWHILE	
	Numbers[CurrentItem] ← ItemToInsert	
	ENDFOR	
4(b)	<ul> <li>The size of the array // value of Max</li> <li>How ordered the items already are</li> </ul>	2

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Question				Answer		Marks					
5(a)	Max 10										
	Label	Op code	Operand	Comment	Marks						
	START:	LDR	#0	// initialise Index Register							
	LOOP:	LDX	LETTERS	// load LETTERS	1						
		CMP	LETTERTOFIND	// is LETTERS = LETTERTOFIND ?	1						
		JPN	NOTFOUND	// if not, go to NOTFOUND	1						
		LDD	FOUND		1						
		INC	ACC	// increment FOUND	1						
		STO	FOUND		1						
	NOTFOUND:	LDD	COUNT								
		INC	ACC	//increment COUNT	1						
		STO	COUNT								
		CMP	#6	// is COUNT = 6 ?	1						
		JPE	ENDP	// if yes, end	1						
		INC	IX	// increment Index Register	1						
		JMP	LOOP	// go back to beginning of loop	1						
	ENDP:	END		// end program							
	LETTERTOFIND:		'x'								
	LETTERS:		'd'								
			'u'								
			'p'								
			'1'								
			'e'								
			'x'								
	COUNT:		0								
	FOUND:		0								

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## Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question				Answer		Marks			
5(b)	Label	Op Code	Operand	Operand Comment					
	START:	LDR	#0	// initialise the Index Register	1				
	LOOP:	LDX	VALUES	// load the value from VALUES	1(loop) + 1(LDX Values)				
		LSR	#3	// divide by 8	1 (LSR) + 1 (#3)				
		STX	VALUES	// store the new value in VALUES	1				
		INC	IX	// increment the Index Register	1				
		LDD	REPS	// :	1				
		INC ACC	// increment REPS	1					
		STO	REPS						
		СМР	#6	// is REPS = 6 ?	1				
		JPN	LOOP	// repeat for next value	1				
		END							
	REPS:		0						
	VALUES:	2	22						
		1	.3						
			5						
		46							
		1	.2						
		3	33						

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## Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question		Answer			
6(a)		n CurrentAccount <b>and</b> SavingsAccount <b>to</b> Acco d set functions in CurrentAccount uctor in SavingsAccount	unt		
		ber: STRING			
	GetAccount GetBalance SetAccount SetBalance	() Number()			
	CurrentAccount  Level: STRING Cost: CURRENCY	SavingsAccount  PaymentInterval : INTEGER Amount : CURRENCY			
	Constructor() GetLevel() GetCost() SetLevel()	Constructor() GetAmount() SetAmount() GetPaymentInterval()			

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# Cambridge International AS/A Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	1 mark per bullet to max 5	5
	Class heading and ending	
	Identifying inheritance     Declaring Parameters Parlamenters	
	Declaring AccountNumber, Balance     Use of private/protected for Assaurt Numbers and Balance	
	<ul> <li>Use of private/protected for AccountNumber and Balance</li> <li>One Correct Get Method</li> </ul>	
	One Correct Set Method	
	Second correct Get and Set Methods	
	• Second correct Get and Set Methods	
	Example VB	
	MustInherit Class Account	
	Private AccountNumber As String Private Balance As Decimal	
	Private Balance As Decimal	
	Sub SetAccountNumber (AccNumP As String)	
	AccountNumber = AccNumP	
	End Sub	
	Function GetAccountNumber() As String	
	return AccountNumber	
	End Function	
	Sub SetBalance (BalanceP As Decimal)	
	Balance = BalanceP	
	End Sub	
	Function GetBalance() As Decimal	
	return Balance	
	End Function	
	End Class	
	or	
	MustInherit Class Account	
	Private AccountNumber As String	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	Protected AccountNumber As String  Get  return _AccountNumber  End Get  Set (ByValue AccountNumberV As String)  _AccountNumber = AccountNumberV  End Set  Private _Balance As Decimal  Protected Balance As Decimal  Get  return _Balance  End Get  Set (ByValue BalanceV As Integer)	
	_Balance = BalanceV End Set  End Class	
	<pre>Example Python class Account:     definit(self, accountNumber, balance):         selfaccountNumber = accountNumber         selfbalance = balance</pre>	
	<pre>def getAccountNumber(self):     return selfaccountNumber: def setAccountNumber(self, AccountNumber):     selfAccountNumber = AcountNumber</pre>	
	<pre>def getBalance(self):     return selfbalance: def setBalance(self, Balance):     selfBalance = Balance</pre>	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	Example Pascal	
	type	
	Account := class	
	private	
	AccountNumber, Balance,;	
	public	
	constructor Create(AccountNumber, Balance);	
	<pre>procedure setAccountNumber(AccountN: String);</pre>	
	<pre>function getAccountNumber() : String;</pre>	
	procedure setBalance(BalanceV: Real);	
	function getBalance() : Real;	
	constructor Account.init(Account, Bal);	
	begin	
	AccountNumber := Account;	
	Balance := Bal;	
	end;	
	<pre>procedure SetAccountNumber(AccountN: String);</pre>	
	begin	
	AccountNumber := AccountN;	
	end;	
	<pre>procedure GetAccountNumber() : String;</pre>	
	begin	
	GetAccountNumber := AccountNumber	
	end;	
	procedure SetBalance(Bal: String);	
	begin	
	Balance := Bal;	
	end;	
	procedure GetBalance() : String;	
	begin	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	<pre>GetBalance := Balance end; end;</pre>	
6(c)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet to max 5</li> <li>Class declaration and end</li> <li>Declaration of inheritance</li> <li>Amount and PaymentInterval as Private/protected with appropriate data types</li> <li>Constructor:</li> <li>Override / Overriding in constructor</li> <li>Constructor heading and end</li> <li>taking values as parameters</li> <li>Constructor setting all values using base class</li> </ul>	5
	<ul> <li>Initialisations of new attributes in the constructor</li> <li> all set to the parameters</li> <li>Example VB         Class SavingsAccount     </li> </ul>	
	Inherits Account Private Amount As Decimal Private PaymentInterval As Integer	
	Public Overrides Sub New(ByVal AccountNumberValue As String, ByVal BalanceValue As Decimal, ByVal AmountValue As Decimal, ByVal PaymentValue As Integer) Amount = PaymentValue PaymentInterval = PaymentValue End Sub	
	End Class	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(c)	or	
	Class SavingsAccount     Inherits Account     Private Amount As Decimal     Private PaymentInterval As Integer     Public Sub New(AccountNumberValue As String, BalanceValue As Decimal, PayInterval As Integer, payAmount As Decimal)	
	<pre>Example Python class SavingsAccount(Account):      def_init_(self, AccountNumber, Balance, PayInt, AmountP):         super()init(AccountNumber, Balance)         selfPaymentInterval = PayInt</pre>	
	<pre>Example Pascal type    SavingsAccount = class(Account);    private         PaymentInterval : integer;         Amount : currency;    public         constructor Create(AcountNum : String, Bal : Currency, PayInt : Integer, AmountP : Currency); end;</pre>	
	constructor SavingsAccount.Create(); override;	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(c)	<pre>begin     inherited Create(AccountNum, Bal)     PaymentInterval := PayInt;     Amount := AmountP; end;</pre>	

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